What is claimed is:

A compound of the formula

5~h)

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H N X

5 /including a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

x is 0 or 1,

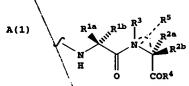
R is H, alkyl alkenyl, aryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, cycloheteroalkyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, or

R can be joined together with the carbon to which it is attached to form a 3 to 7 membered ring which may optionally be fused to a benzene ring;

 $\rm R^1$ is H or -COR² where R² is alkyl, aryl- (CH₂)_p-, cycloheteroalkyl-(CH₂)_p-, heteroaryl-(CH₂)_p-, alkoxy or cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p-; \

p is 0 or an integer from 1 to 8; and
A is a dipeptide derived from one or two nonproteinogenic amino acids or is a conformationally
restricted dipeptide mimic.

20 2. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein A is a dipeptide derivative of the structure



wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{2a} and R^{2b} are independently selected from H, alkyl, aryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, cycloalkyl, cycloheteroalkyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, biphenylmethyl, or

 R^{1a} and R^{1b} or R^{2a} and R^{2b} may be joined together to the carbon to which it is attached to form a 3 to 7 membered ring, optionally fused to a

R³ R⁵

benzene ring; and $-R^{2b}$ refers to an optional 5 or 6 membered ring containing a single hetero atom and which may optionally include an R⁵ substituent which is H, alkyl, aryl-(CH₂)_p, cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p, cycloheteroalkyl-(CH₂)_p, or

5 cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_p, cycloheteroalkyl-(CH₂)_p or cycloheteroaryl-(CH₂)_p-;

 \mathbb{R}^3 is $\mathbb{H}\setminus \text{alkyl or aryl } -(\mathbb{C}\mathbb{H}_2)_{p^-}$;

 $$\rm R^4$$ is OH, Oalkyl, Oaryl-(CH2)_p- or NR1(R2) where R1 and R2 are independently H, alkyl, aryl, aryl(CH2)_p or heteroaryl(CH2)_p;

with the proviso that in A(1) at least one of



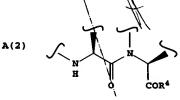
is other than a natural α -amino acid.

3. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein A is a conformationally restricted dipeptide mimic.

4. The compound as defined in Claim 3 wherein the conformationally restricted dipeptide mimic has the structure

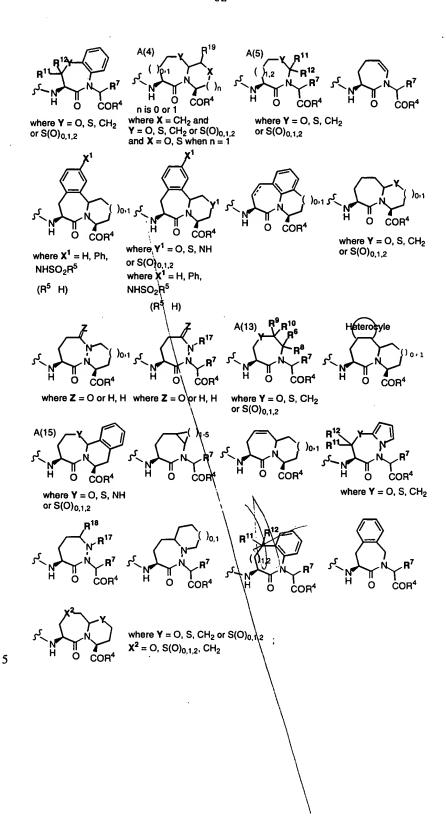
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5. The compound as defined in Claim 3 wherein A has the formula

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with respect to A(5), R^{11} and R^{12} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl -(CH₂)_p-, aryl -(CH₂)_p-, and heteroaryl -(CH₂)_p-, or R^{11} and R^{12} taken together with the carbon to which they are attached complete a saturated cycloalkyl ring of 3 to 7 carbons, or R^{11} and R^{12} taken together with the carbon to which they are attached complete a keto substituent,

with respect to A(13), R^8 , R^9 and R^7 are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl -(CH₂)_m-, aryl-(CH₂)_m-, and heteroaryl-(CH₂)_m-;

 R^{10} and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl alkenyl, cycloalkyl $-(CH_2)_p$, aryl- $(CH_2)_p$, and heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, or R^6 and R^{10} taken together with the carbons to which they are attached complete a saturated cycloalkyl ring of 3 to 7 carbons, R^6 and R^8 taken together with the carbon to which they are attached complete a saturated cycloalkyl ring of 3 to 7 carbons, or R^9 and R^{10} taken together with the carbon to which they are attached complete a saturated cycloalkyl ring of 3 to 7 carbons:

 R^4 is OH, Oalkyl, $O-(CH_2)_p$ -heteroaryl, $O-(CH_2)_p$ -heteroaryl,

 $NR_1(R_2)$ where R_1 and R_2 are independently H, alkyl, aryl, aryl-(CH₂)_p or heteroaryl;

 R^{14} is hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, or phenyl; R^{15} is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy or phenyl; R^{16} is alkyl or anyl-(CH₂)_m-; and

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 $\rm R^{17}$ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl-(CH2)m-, aryl-(CH2)m-, or heteroaryl-(CH2)m-.

R¹⁸ is H of alkyl or alkenyl, and R¹⁸ and R¹⁷

5 may be taken together with the carbon and nitrogen to which they are attached to complete a saturated N-containing ring of 5 or 6 ring members.

R¹⁹ is H or an Alkyl, and in A(4), R¹⁹ and X (which is CH₂) together with the carbons to which they are attached may form an aromatic ring of carbons (as in A(15).

6. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein

Suba

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A is

VI NO COR4
where X¹ = H, Ph,

where $X^1 = H$, Ph, NHSO₂R⁵ (where R⁵ H)

where
$$\mathbf{Y} = O$$
, S, CH_2 ,S $(O)_{0,1,2}$

A is

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7. The compound as defined in Claim 6 wherein

5 where Y = O, S, CH₂,S(O)_{0,1,2}

where $Y = O, S, CH_2, S(O)_{0,1,2}$

$$R^{\theta}R^{10}$$

$$R^{\theta}$$

$$R^{7}$$

$$H \quad O \quad COR^{4}$$
where Y = O, S, CN₂,S(O)_{0,1,2}

- 8. The compound as defined in Claim 1 wherein R^1 is H, R is alkyl or arylalkyl, R^4 is OH.
 - 9. The compound as defined in Claim 2 where in A(1)



is a non-proteinogenic amino acid portion.

- wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} are independently alkyl or arylalkyl, or R^{1a} and R^{1b} together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 3 to 7 membered ring; or one of R^{1a} and R^{1b} is biphenylmethylene and the other is biphenylmethylene or H.
- ll. The compound as defined in Claim 9 where in A(1),



is a non-proteinogenic amino acid where R³ is H, alkyl or arylalkyl,

 R^{2a} and R^{2b} are independently selected from H, alkyl, aryl or arylalkyl, with at least one of R^{2a} and R^{2b} being other than H, or R^{2a} and R^{2b} together with the carbon to which they are attached form a 3 to 7 membered ring.

- 12. A pharmaeutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined in Claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier therefor.
- 13. The pharmaceutical composition as defined in Claim 12 useful in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases such as hypertension and/or congestive heart failure.
- 14. A method of treating a cardivascular disease such as hypertension and/or congestive heart failure, which comprises administering to a mammalian species a therapeutically effective amount of a composition as defined in Claim 12.
 - 15. The compound as defined in Claim 1 which

HO CO2H

15 P) 15

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is

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СО₂Н онс HO N соон ОНС) 0 HO' <u>с</u>оон

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.